



Consolidated Financial Results of the UNIMOT Group for Q3 2022

17 November 2022





AGENDA

- 1. Summary of the quarter
- 2. Financial results of the UNIMOT Group
- 3. Financial results by segment
- 4. Outlook for future quarters
- 5. Appendices



Q3 2022: KEY FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA



Total revenues PLN 3 814m



Adjusted EBITDA** **PLN 121m**



PLN 60 m



Net profit PLN 41m



Diesel&BIO sales volume

492 thous, m³



LPG sales volume 68 thous. Mg



Natural gas sales volume 153 GWh



Electricity sales volume 623 GWh



Number of AVIA stations

105



Sales volume at own stations

61 141 m³

- Seizing market opportunities in volatile business environment
- Commencing sales of American photovoltaic panels
 - First Solar
- High uncertainty on global markets



SUPPLEMENTING THE VALUE CHAIN OF THE UNIMOT GROUP

Purchase of rail tankers



Planned purchase of shares of Olavion sp. z o.o.

- ✓ Purchase of new rail tankers for carriage of petrol or diesel oil
- Total capacity of tankers: over 8,000 cubic metres
- ✓ Acquisition value: approx. PLN 76 million
- ✓ Deadline of delivery of tankers: successively until 31 March 2023



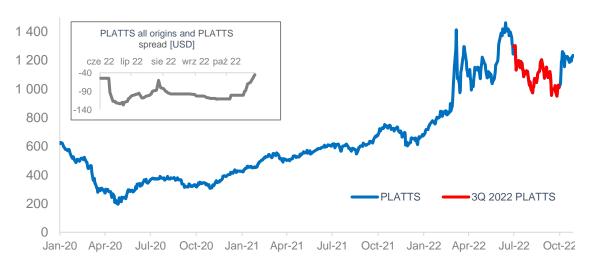
- Licence for performing rail transport services
- Qualified personnel of train drivers, dispatchers
- > 15 locomotives
- 64 employees, including 40 train drivers
- Long-standing relationships and agreement that allow to carry out transport





- Supplementing value chain and competence in rail logistics
 - ⊕ Increasing the scale of UNIMOT Group operation
- Possibility to offer comprehensive services of fuel delivery and transport
 - Greater flexibility
 - Business synergies with current activities of the UNIMOT Group

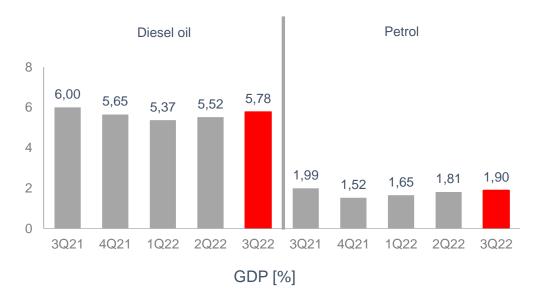
Quotations of diesel oil [USD/T]

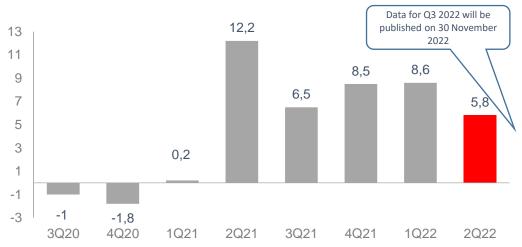


Quotations of LPG (Propane ARA) [USD/T]



Consumption of diesel and petrol [million m³]







AGENDA

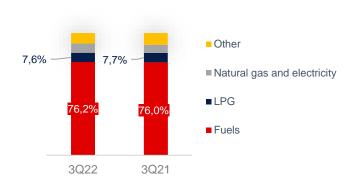
- 1. Summary of the quarter
- 2. Financial results of the UNIMOT Group
- 3. Financial results by segments
- 4. Outlook for future quarters
- 5. Appendices

STINANCIAL DATA

Total revenues [PLN million]



Total revenues breakdown



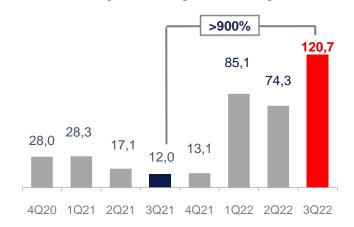
Profitability and margins [PLN million]

	3Q21	3Q22	3Q22/3Q21
Gross profit on sales	68,9	178,2	+159%
Gross margin on sales	3,3%	4,6%	+1,3 p.p.
Operating profit	8,3	58,4	+602%
Operating profit margin	0,4%	1,5%	+1,1 p.p.
Net profit	4,0	41,1	+923%
Net margin	0,2%	1,1%	+0,9 p.p.

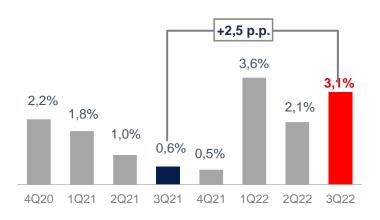
EBITDA [PLN million]



Adj. EBITDA [PLN million]



Adj. EBITDA margin

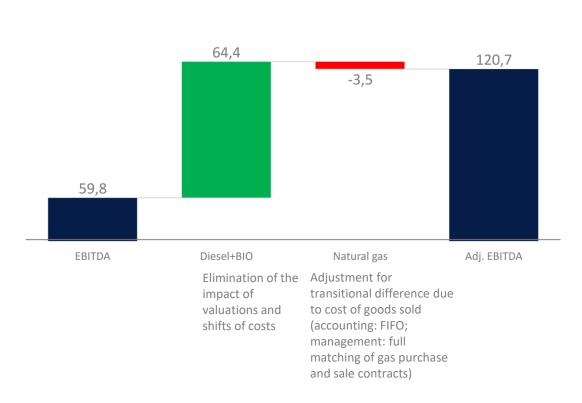




Adj. EBITDA vs. EBITDA [PLN million]



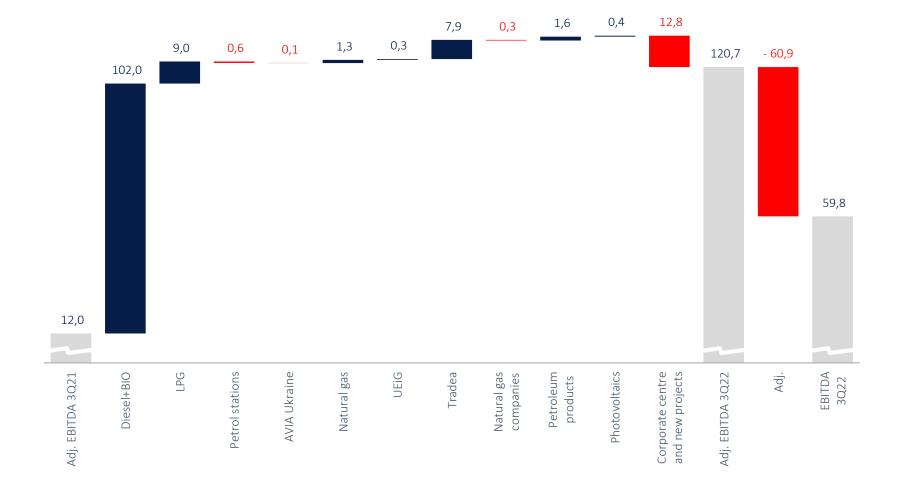
Primary differences between Adj. EBITDA and EBITDA in Q3 2022 [PLN million]





OPERIMARY REASONS FOR HIGHER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS Y/Y

Q3 2022 [PLN million]



Adj. EBITDA in Q3 PLN 120,7 mill	
Diesel+BIO	115,8
LPG	16,1
Petrol stations	1,1
AVIA Ukraine	-0,3
Natural gas	1,5
UEiG	0,4
Tradea	4,5
Natural gas companies	-0,4
Petroleum products	0,7
Photovoltaics	-0,4
Corporate centre and new projects	-18,4

Managerial approach

DEBT AND FINANCING

Credit lines as at 30.09.2022

Major banks	Total credit lmit*	Major covenants (bank-dependent)	Renewal	
mBank, ING Bank Śląski, Bank Millennium,		Current liquidity ratio, net profit ratio, profit on sales ratio, EBITDA/interests,	Main credit facilities are renewed every year. The other ones – for periods	
PKO BP, BOŚ	USD 35,0m	net debt ratio/EBITDA, equity to balance sheet total ratio.	compliant with the investment schedule (natural gas infrastructure)	

[PLN million] 30.09.2022

Bank debt in total***	344,7
Current liquidity ratio	1,4
Quick liquidity ratio	1,2
Cash liquidity ratio	0,2

Sufficient credit limits and high liquidity.

We maintain top quality level of cooperation with the insurers: **Atradius, Euler Hermes, KUKE, Coface,** with the brokerage support from **Marsh Polska**

Margin of liabilities due to credits, loans and other debt instruments depends on variable interest rate it refers to. Interval analysis of UNIMOT S.A. margin:

- WIBOR 1M margin at the level of 1,0 -1,4 p.p.
- LIBOR / SOFR 1M margin in the interval of 1,35 -1,8 p.p.
- WIBOR 3M margin at the level of 1,4 p.p.
- EURIBOR 1M margin in the interval of 1,3-1,5 p.p.

The above information does not include financing related to the acquisition of Lotos Terminale S.A. assets by Unimot Investments Sp. z o.o.

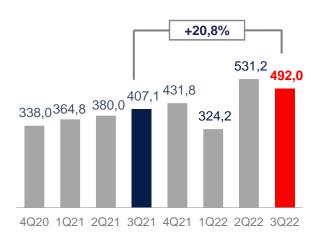


AGENDA

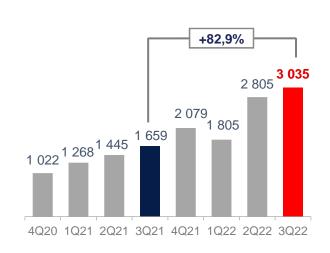
- 1. Summary of the quarter
- 2. Financial results of the UNIMOT Group
- 3. Financial results by segments
- 4. Outlook for future quarters
- 5. Appendices

DIESEL+BIO SEGMENT

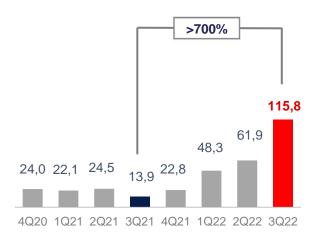




Revenues [PLN million]



Adj. EBITDA [PLN million]

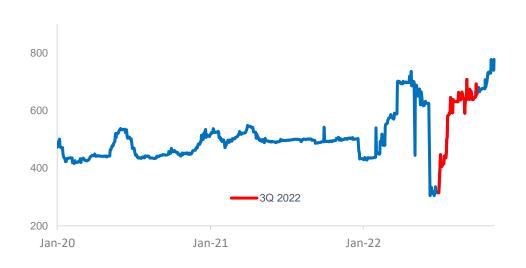


- Market situation ▶ effective use of market opportunities following the outbreak of war in Ukraine, large fluctuations in oil products and bio-fuels prices
- Logistics ➤ adjustment of supply chain to sanctions imposed on Russia and Belarus (lease of transshipment terminal in Danish straits), but simultaneously higher costs of Logistics and increase of stock
- Sale ➤ dynamic export of fuels from Poland to Ukraine inhibited by growth of competition in this market
- Liquidity ► release of compulsory reserve of liquid fuels (PLN +23 million) and consequently lower purchases of fuel and improved financial liquidity



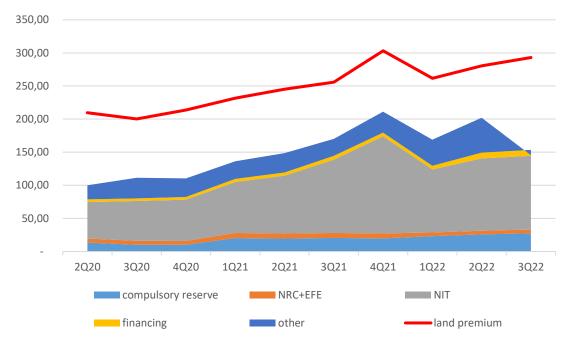
LAND PREMIUM AND CHANGE OF UNIMOT'S COSTS

Estimated land premium of diesel oil [PLN/m³]



- Base to spot price of diesel blend (93% diesel and 7% bio-fuel)
- Does not take into account discounts applied by corporations (different levels depending on the customer and the region)

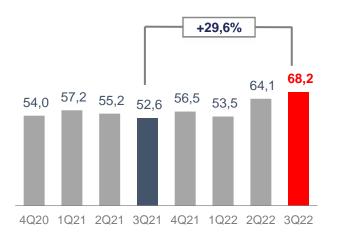
Distribution of UNIMOT's costs vs. Land premium [%]



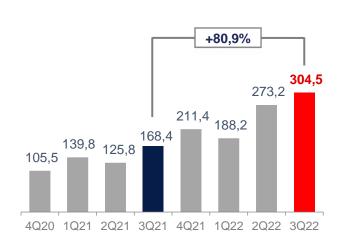
- Total quarterly costs Q3 2020=100; land premium vs. Diesel price excluding bio-fuels
- The costs of NIT fulfilment depend on the levels of NIT and blending in a given quarter and the spread between the diesel price and bio-fuel
- Cost of compulsory reserve are "spread" over the volumes sold

SEGMENT

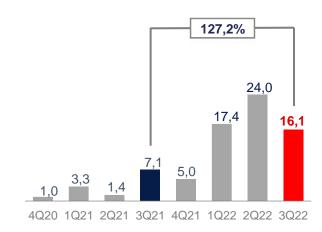
Sales volumes [thousand tonnes]



Revenues [PLN million]

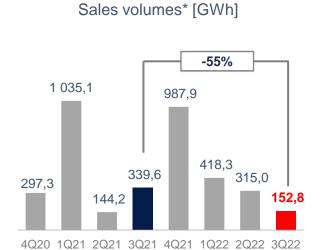


Adj. EBITDA [PLN million]

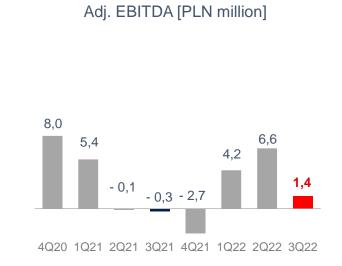


- Logistics ▶ growing challenges related to gradual change of purchase stream, lengthening of transit (priority for coal), lack of wagons for transporting LPG
- Costs ➤ large increases in rail freight prices in Poland and Europe
- Demand ➤ strong demand from Ukrainian customers

NATURAL GAS SEGMENT

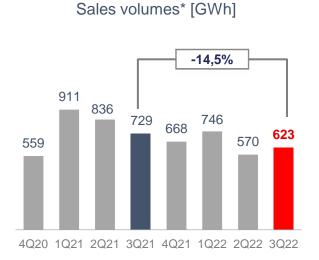


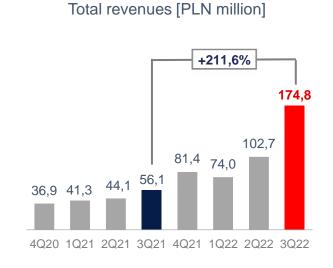


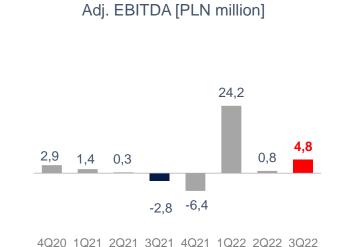


- Market situation ➤ persistently high prices of LNG on global markets, discontinuation of supplies to Europe via Nord Stream 1 and Nord Stream 2
- Gas price ► large fluctuations in gas prices from 740 PLN/MWh to 1 680 PLN/MWh
- Sales ► lack of predictability as to availability of natural gas in Europe causing distress to customers

SECTRICITY SEGMENT

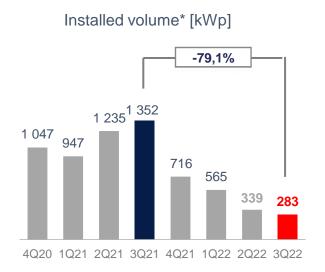


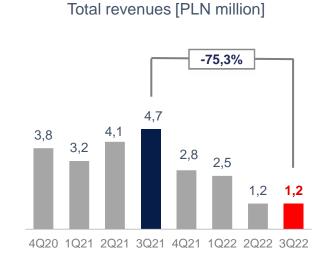




- Market situation ➤ high volatility of electricity prices driven by persistently high prices of coal and gas, as well as high uncertainty of these raw materials supplies to European markets
- PV ➤ negative change in pricing of PV contracts driven by constantly growing number of PV installations on the market

PHOTOVOLTAICS





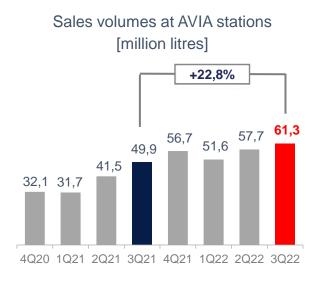


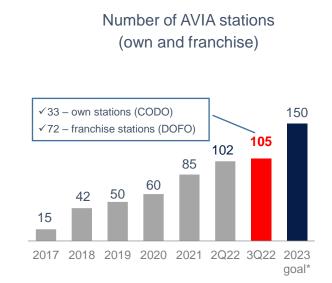


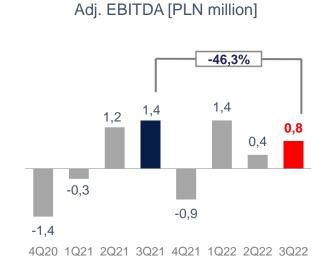
- Market environment ➤ growing interest driven by high electricity prices
- Offer ➤ commencing the cooperation with the American producer of panels First Solar
- Carrying out project ➤ contracts for large-scale projects (over 50 kWp) at the level of 3 MWp

^{*} The segment comprises assembly of photovoltaic panels, production of panels and development of photovoltaic farms (currently primarily panel assembly in the results)

OPERIOR STATIONS SEGMENT



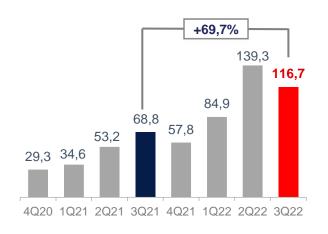




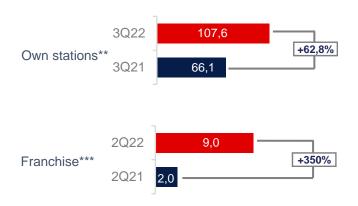
- Pricing policy of domestic concerns ➤ high fluctuation of retail margins
- Sales ➤ over 60 million litres in Q3 2022 alone
- Costs ➤ higher due to costs of electricity and launch of new facilities
- Franchise stations in Ukraine ▶ partial discontinuation of activity, suspension of franchise fees, suspension of motor oil collections

PETROL STATIONS SEGMENT – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

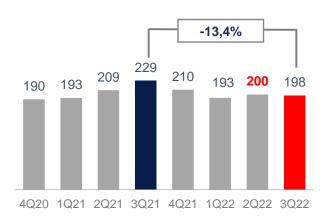
Segment's revenues* [PLN million]



Segment's revenues [PLN million]



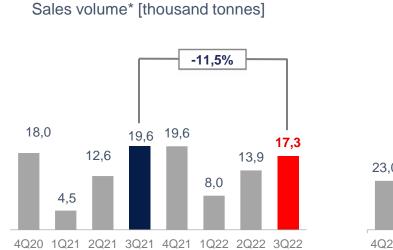
Average sales volume [thousand litres a month per station]

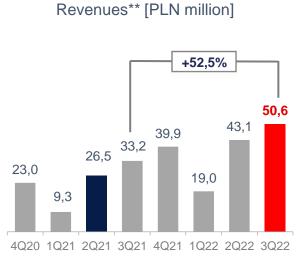


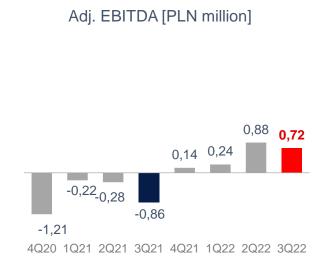
- Chain development ➤ opening 3 new stations in Q3 2022
- Additional revenues ➤ launch of SPAR Express shops at AVIA stations (25 shops at the end of Q3 2022)
- Economical scheme > photovoltaic installations at AVIA petrol stations managed by the UNIMOT Group (currently 5)
- Cumulative investments ➤ PLN 18,3m CAPEX incurred for development of the AVIA chain since 2017

^{*} since Q1 2021, the Group has modified margin settlements between own stations and wholesale, considering logistic and geographic determinants (a more market-oriented approach); ** including revenues from the sale of fuels (recognised in the Diesel+ BIO segment)

OTHER PETROLEUM PRODUCTS SEGMENT







- Bitumen ► increased bitumen sales driven by stronger demand for bitumen after the pandemic
- Oils ➤ drop in oil sales (lockdowns in China and discontinuation of cooperation with Russian customers)



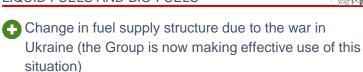
AGENDA

- 1. Summary of the quarter
- 2. Financial results of the UNIMOT Group
- 3. Financial results by segments
- 4. Outlook for future quarters
- 5. Appendices



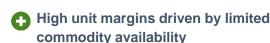
OUTLOOK FOR FUTURE QUARTERS

LIQUID FUELS AND BIO-FUELS



- Improved logistics capacity by purchase of rail tankers
- Potential risks associated with reduced demand for biocomponents driven by high prices and logistical challenges

LPG



- Active continuation to seek alternative sources of supply from the West with the difficult import situation in the East
- Challenges related to logistics and availability of product



AVIA STATIONS



- **Development of cooperation** with the SPAR network and implementation of concepts at further stations
- Challenge of continued strong price increases in building materials, utilities and labour costs

ELECTRICITY

Potential limitation of financial results in connection with new regulations

PHOTOVOLTAICS



- Increasing the portfolio of projects to be implemented in the installation segment over 50kWp
- **Expanding the product offer with** photovoltaic panels produced in the USA

NATURAL GAS



in the concession area

Entering the area of biomethane



OILS. BITUMEN



Expected solid demand for bitumen

Negative outlook for motor oil business in China - high competition, high freight costs, rising distribution costs, return of pandemic



AGENDA

- 1. Summary of the quarter
- 2. Financial results of the UNIMOT Group
- 3. Financial results by segments
- 4. Outlook for future quarters
- 5. Appendices



WAR IN UKRAINE – CURRENT AND POTENTIAL IMPACT ON THE GROUP

On 24 February 2022, the armed aggression of the Russian Federation against independent Ukraine began. The UNIMOT Group continuously monitors the political and economic steps taken by the government administration, as well as the international community, and analyses their impact on its operations. The Group has adequate product stocks and contracted fuel deliveries are carried out without major disruptions.

The UNIMOT Group is fully prepared for the introduction of sanctions on diesel, thanks to its leased Gulfhavn terminal in Denmark. The deep-water fuel terminal makes it possible to offload diesel from the largest tankers arriving in Europe from directions other than Russia and to continue transporting the fuel to Poland and, if necessary, to all other ports in the Baltic Sea. The three tanks, with a total capacity of 127,000 m³, have been at the Group's disposal since 15 April 2022. The contract for the use of the tanks at the Gulfhavn terminal in Denmark has been concluded for one year with the possibility of extension. The UNIMOT Group has so far made three diesel deliveries using the Danish terminal - two from Saudi Arabia and one from India.

UNIMOT has diversified sources of LPG supply and imports the product from both eastern and western directions. The Group has discontinued transactions with sanctioned entities and is constantly looking for further alternative sources of supply in order to be as independent as possible from LPG imports from the East.



[PLN thousand]	30.09.2022 31.12.2021		[PLN thousand]	30.09.2022 3	30.09.2022 31.12.2021	
Fixed assets, including:			Equity, including:			
Tangible assets	65 806	45 965	Share capital	8 198	8 198	
Intangible assets	19 318	21 233	Other capitals	306 992	234 946	
Fixed assets in total	217 760	187 716	Total equity	526 806	325 875	
Current assets, including:			Long-term liabilities, including:			
•	470.070	005.045	loans and other debt instruments	92 667	65 078	
Inventories	172 073	325 215	Total long-term liabilities	107 160	92 297	
Trade and other receivables	997 506	513 303	Short-term liabilities, including:			
Financial derivative instruments	38 048	59 465	overdrafts	344 669	336 563	
Cash and cash equivalents	220 595	79 092	Total short-term liabilities	1 049 582	813 116	
Total current assets	1 465 788	1 043 572	LT and ST Liabilities	1 156 742	905 413	
Total assets	1 683 548	1 231 288	TOTAL LIABILITIES	1 683 548	1 231 288	

CASH FLOWS BALANCE

[PLN thousand]	3Q22	3Q21
Operating activity cash flows:		
Profit before taxation	51 325	6 057
Adjustments by items, including:		
Amortisation	3 549	2 719
Client contract liabilities status change	(319 854)	(11 617)
Receivables status change	(236 783)	(165 976)
Inventories status change	709 948	1 685
Trade and other liabilities status change	(10 523)	51 115
Operating activity cash flows	49 259	(81 047)
Net investment activity cash flows	(24 499)	(14 560)
Net financial activity cash flows	(10 616)	(4 968)
Financial resources and their equivalents net of overdrafts as of 30 September	(124 074)	(267 738)

	2019	2020	2021	3Q22	Goal 2023
Financial liquidity ratio (current assets / short-term liabilities)	1,45	1,36	1,28	1,40	min 1,2
Interest coverage ratio (adj. EBITDA / interest)	6,92	15,42	8,85	18,73	min. 3x
Equity Ratio (equity / balance sheet total)	35,9%	33,6%	26,5%	31,3	min 20%
ROCE (EBITDA/ (equity + long-term liabilities))	26,4%	31,9%	19,4%	58,0%	15,0%
Total net debt ratio (total liabilities - cash / assets)	58,4%	51,7%	67,1%	55,6%	-

Calculated based on adjusted results



STRATEGY FOR THE YEARS 2018-2023

Building the Group's value for the shareholders through improved business efficiency and long-term diversification of activity. Financial security of our business activity as one of the most important values.

Strategic objectives:

1 Adj. EBITDA growth



Strategy assumption: **PLN 75m** in 2023; cancelling the forecasts due to expected market changes

2 Efficiency growth



ROCE*: **15%**

In 2023

3 Activity diversification



70% EBITDA generated outside the diesel business

Development of AVIA chain in Poland



200** of petrol stations

5 Annual dividend payment

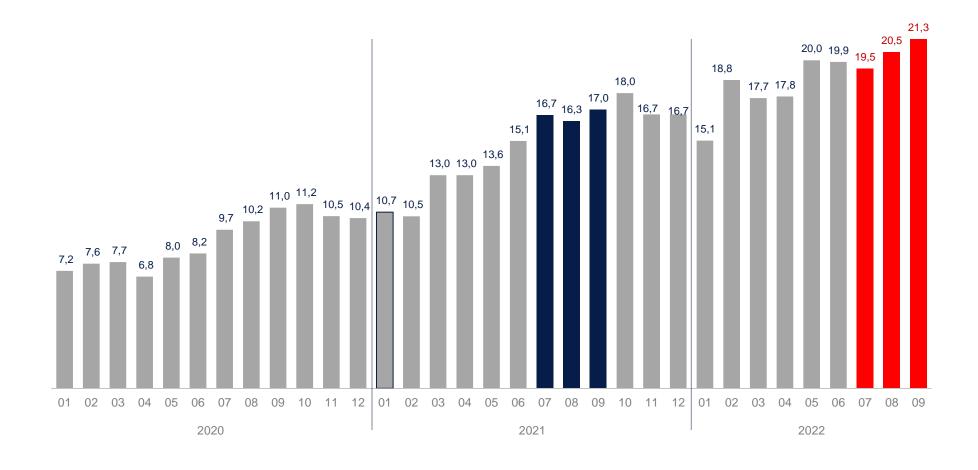


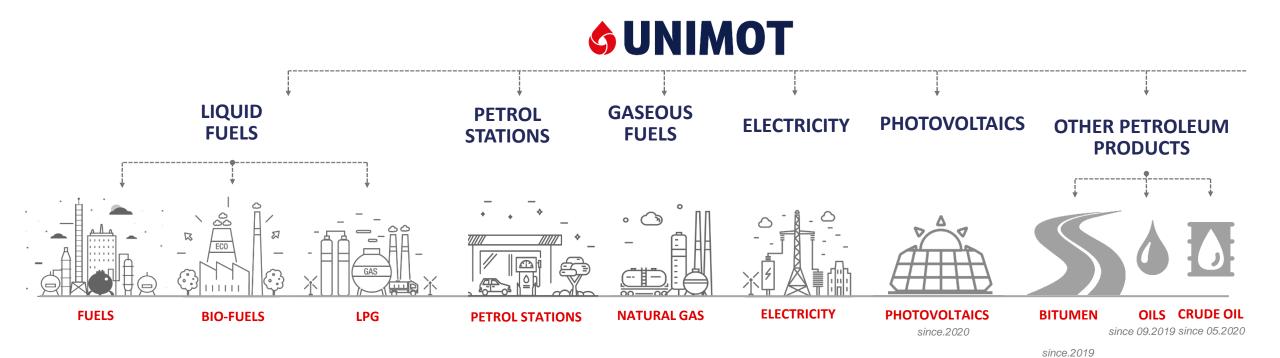
min. 30% of UNIMOT S.A. net profit



SALES VOLUME OF FUELS AT AVIA STATIONS

[million litres]

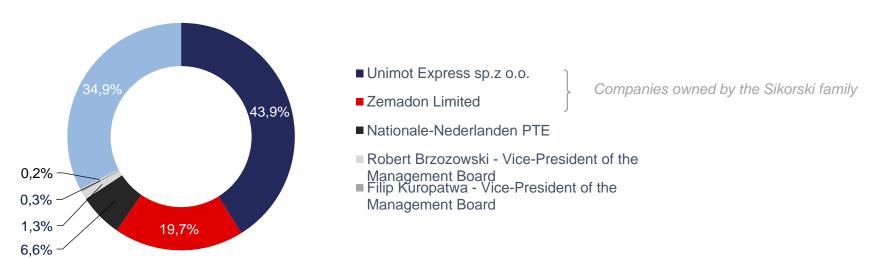






Shareholder	number of shares	Share in capital	Number of votes	Share in votes
Unimot Express Sp. z o.o.	3 593 625	43,84%	3 593 625	42,04%
Zemadon Limited	1 616 661	19,72%	1 966 661	23,01%
Robert Brzozowski – Vice-President of the Management Board	102 068	1,25%	102 068	1,17%
Nationale-Nederlanden PTE	542 400	6,62%	542 400	6,35%
Filip Kuropatwa – Vice-President of the Management Board	21 347	0,26%	21 347	0,25%
Isaac Querub	15 700	0,19%	15 700	0,18%
Others	2 850 267	34,77%	2 850 267	33,35%
Total	8 197 818	100%	8 547 818	100%

Share in capital of UNIMOT S.A.



As of 30.06.2022

ODICTIONARY

Bio-fuels blending – physical blending of fossil fuels with biocomponents that come from processing biomass. Since 2017 bio-blending has been an obligatory element to partially fulfil the National Indicative Target.

EBITDA – Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

Adj. EBITDA – EBITDA value adjusted by single events and items of non-monetary nature (in case of UNIMOT this is e.g. valuation of reserves, relocation of costs, provisions)

Hedging – a strategy of securing against excessive fluctuations in prices of commodities, currencies or securities. UNIMOT uses hedging to secure against alterations of prices of diesel oil, natural gas, electricity and currencies (mainly USD).

Retail margin – the difference between the wholesale and retail price. As UNIMOT is developing the chain of franchise petrol stations, the retail margin is only obtained at Company's own stations

Wholesale margin – the difference between the disposal price and the price at which a product has been acquired for sale. The wholesale margin is a value that UNIMOT generates on sales of fuels net of costs related to availability of a product for sale (among others, cost of the product itself, its transport, NIT fulfilment, storage costs).

National Indicative Target (NIT) – an obligation to introduce into the market transport fuels from renewable sources (biocomponents/bio-fuels).

Emission fee – a fee in the amount of PLN 8 grosz per each litre of petrol and diesel oil imposed on entities that sell fuels in the territory of Poland. The fee is in force since 2019 and the collected resources will be destined for the newly-created Low-Emission Transport Fund.

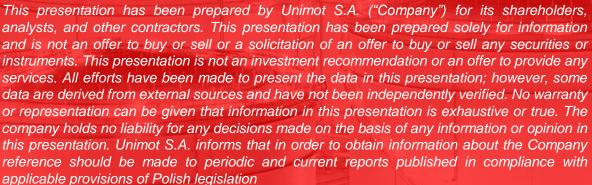
B100 Fuel – methyl ester applied as autonomous fuel for compression ignition engines.

Platts ARA – reference prices for fuels in spot transactions collected and published daily by Platt Agency. ARA concerns places of product delivery/supply – in this case ports of Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Antwerp.

Polish Power Exchange (PPE) – a licenced entity that manages the regulated market. The subject of trading at the PPE are, among others, natural gas and electricity, which are traded by the UNIMOT Group.

Compulsory reserve – reserve of fuel maintained by entities that produce and import into the territory of Poland particular liquid fuels. These entities are obliged to maintain determined reserves of fuels that they trade so as to ensure the energy security of the country.









Useful links

- ► Strategy of the Unimot Group
- ► ESG Report
- ► Financial Data
- ► <u>Acquisition of Lotos Terminale S.A.</u>

assets

INVESTOR RELATIONS UNIMOT S.A gielda@unimot.pl







